Wake County Natural Areas Inventory

HOLLEMANS CROSSROADS SLOPES

Site Number: 41 **Size:** about 135 acres

Site Significance: County Quadrangles: Cokesbury, New Hill

Ownership: Progress Energy (Carolina Power & Light Company), other private

SIGNIFICANT FEATURES: The natural area contains unusual ridges of sedimentary rocks with a mafic influence, though likely over felsic rock. There is an abundance of chalk maple (*Acer leucoderme*), which is very rare in the eastern Piedmont. The site contains a good diversity of shrubs and small trees of "mafic" character on some slopes and ridges. American lotus (*Nelumbo lutea*), a Watch List species, occurs as several stands in coves at the lake.

LANDSCAPE RELATIONSIPS: This site lies very close – a few hundred yards -- to Utley Creek Slopes and could be combined into a single large site of Regional significance. The Hollemans Crossroads Salamander Pools site lies adjacent to the southeast, along Old Avent Ferry Road (SR 1115). Across the lake to the north lies the Shearon Harris Longleaf Pine Forest. The natural area is a part of the much larger Harris Lake Wildlife Habitat site.

SITE DESCRIPTION: The Hollemans Crossroads Slopes is a narrow southwest-northeast corridor along the edge of Harris Lake. It consists of many rather narrow ridges and ravines, including some steep slopes overlooking the lake. Most of these slopes contain mature hardwood forests, over slightly acidic to nearly circumneutral soils in the Triassic Basin.

The site contains three main communities, with the most significant being Basic Oak-Hickory Forest. This type lies on dry ridges, especially near their ends overlooking the lake. The canopy is dominated by white oak (*Quercus alba*), but a variety of other oaks and hickories is present. The understory contains much white ash (*Fraxinus americana*), but chalk maple (*Acer leucoderme*) is quite common and is the indicator species for this community, which lies over "shaly" soil that has a mafic character. This maple is seemingly unknown elsewhere in Wake County. The shrub layer is dominated by dense stands of downy arrowwood (*Viburnum rafinesquianum*). Mafic conditions are indicated by the presence of species such as bigleaf snowbell (*Styrax grandifolia*) and the near lack of ericads. There are very few herbs.

Slopes more to the southwest, toward New Hill - Holleman Road (SR 1127), are covered in Dry Oak-Hickory Forest. White oak again is the dominant tree. Scarlet oak (*Q. coccinea*) is present, along with other oaks and hickories. Sourwood (*Oxydendrum arboreum*) is common in the subcanopy. The shrub layer is dense, with downy arrowwood being abundant but ericads being widespread, such as deerberry (*Vaccinium stamineum*) and dangleberry (*Gaylussacia frondosa*). Some light gaps contains various grasses.

Slopes facing the lake contain a dry subtype or variant of Mesic Mixed Hardwood Forest, which has some elements of a Heath Bluff. Though American beech (*Fagus grandifolia*) is dominant,